





THE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES INDUSTRY SERIES

29 MARCH 2022

Session 2 - Policies for encouraging healthier food choices: opportunities for the fruit and vegetable sector







HOW CAN POLICIES CONTRIBUTE TO HEALTHIER FOOD CHOICES?

29 March 2022 OECD-COLEACP Webinar - Policies for encouraging healthier food choices: opportunities for the fruit and vegetable sector

Céline Giner OECD Trade and Agriculture Directorate





TOWARDS A FOUR-TRACK APPROACH FOR HEALTHIER FOOD CHOICES





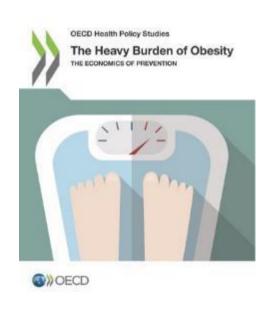
A four-track approach for healthier food choices

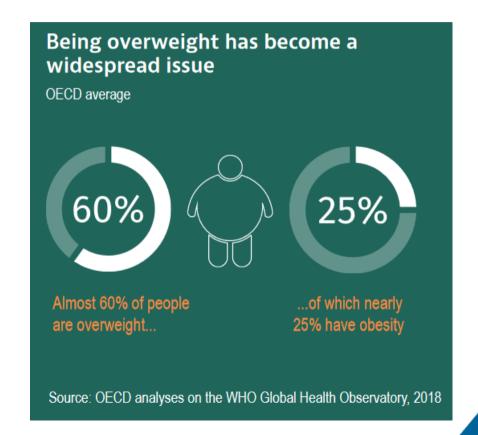






Rationale for policy intervention to encourage healthier food choices







Rationale for policy intervention to encourage healthier food choices









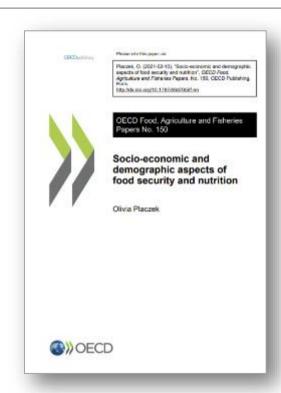


Rationale for policy intervention to encourage healthier food choices

Focus on groups with low SES

They tend to adopt less healthy food choices

 Food insecurity is a predictor of obesity in children, teenagers and adults





A four-track approach for healthier food choices



No silver bullet: towards a four-track approach



A four-track approach is needed

Standard
economic advice:
Correct an
externality at
source



Case of taxing consumption?

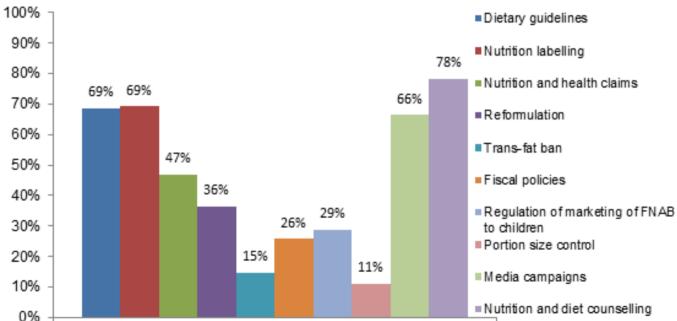
Policy instruments may yield (unintended) impacts on other externalities



A four-track approach is needed

Policy actions to promote healthy diets and nutrition used across the world

Share of countries using the different types of measures



Source: WHO GINA database, http://www.who.int/nutrition/gina/en/.

Policy options for healthier food choices

Demand-side public interventions
 Interventions at the supply-demand interface
 Firmer regulations
 Fiscal measures



A four-track approach for healthier food choices



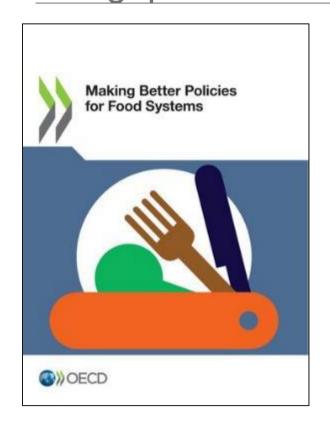
1 Rationale for policy intervention

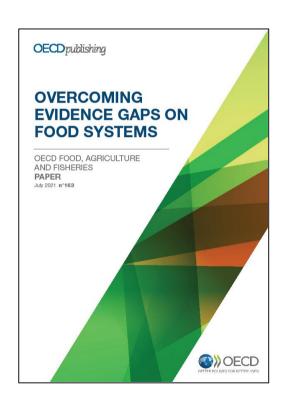
No silver bullet: towards a four-track approach

Need for investments in overcoming evidence gaps



Need for investments in overcoming evidence gaps









MAKING SIMPLIFIED NUTRITIONAL FOOD LABELLING POLICIES





Towards a common understanding of simplified nutritional food labelling schemes

OECD report will provide insights on:



How-to develop and implement the schemes



How-to organize governance and monitoring



How-to measure impacts on consumers and the food environment

Method



		Mandatory label	Voluntary label			
		Warning label	Endorsement label	Summary label	Non- interpretative label	Per 100g/ml
0	Sweden		✓			✓
*400 XX HENCTHSTRAN RATTING	Australia New Zealand			✓		✓
ALTO EN CALORIAS	Chile	✓				✓
A B C D E	France Germany Switzerland			✓		✓
9 0 0	Israel	✓	\checkmark			\checkmark
-	Mexico	✓				✓
The second secon	Italy				✓	
ACOCARI ACCCARIO NA SÓDIO	Brazil	✓				✓
Description of the latest of t	Canada	✓				



How do the schemes look like?

Strong diversity

Conveyed message

Design

Color

Use of nutrient profile model

Interpreta tion



Example: Apple juice

Tropicana Apple 100% Juice 32 Fluid Ounce Plastic Bottle



Typical values per 100g: 193kJ/46kcal















High in sugar





High in sugar





High in sugar









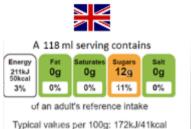
High in sugar

- Nutritional values extracted from FoodData Central U.S Department of agriculture
- UPC code: 00048500000496



Example: Applesauce

MOTT'S, NATURAL APPLESAUCE





















High in sugar





High in sugar





High in sugar













- Nutritional values extracted from FoodData Central U.S Department of Agriculture
- UPC code: 1917866442815



Example: Diced tomatoes

Diced Tomatos



A 126g serving contains



of an adult's reference intake

Typical values per 100g: 134kJ/32kcal













Del Monte







FREE LABEL





High in Sodium High in sugar







FREE LABEL





Nutritional values extracted from FoodData Central U.S Department of agriculture

UPC code: 024000012672



Example: Cauliflower pizza

CAULIPOWER-Margherita Pizza



A 155g serving contains



of an adult's reference intake

Typical values per 100g; 917kJ/219kcal



NUTRI-SCORE











FREE LABEL



FREE LABEL





High in Sodium



FREE LABEL



FREE LABEL



FREE LABEL



Nutritional values extracted from FoodData Central U.S Department of agriculture

UPC code: 0862871000325



LABELLING SCHEMES: IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS



ACCOMPANYING FRAMEWORK

Long pre-implementation period

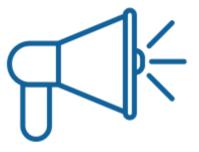
- Gradual thresholds (M)
- Guidelines for stakeholders (V)



PRACTICAL ASPECTS

- · Particular role of retailers
- Review of products' portfolio
- Food importers

Schemes can be used as a benchmarking tool for R&D



AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS

Public entities and civil society

- Traditional medias ++
- Social medias ++
- School programs and healthcare





Thank you!

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THE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES INDUSTRY SERIES







The OECD-COLEACP Fruits and Vegetables Industry Series focuses on market access conditions and opportunities for the fruit and vegetable sector, especially for fruit and vegetables producers and exporters from ACP-countries. This activity is supported by the Fit For Market SPS programme, implemented by COLEACP within the Framework of Development Cooperation between the Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States (OACPS) and the European Union.

Thank you



